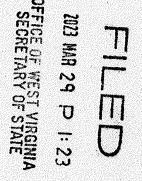
# WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

### **2023 REGULAR SESSION**

28661

#### ENROLLED



#### **Committee Substitute**

for

## Senate Bill 661

BY SENATORS ROBERTS AND TARR

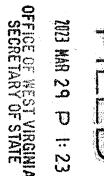
[Passed March 11, 2023; in effect 90 days from

passage (June 9, 2023)]

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Enr CS for SB 661

1 AN ACT to amend and reenact §23-5A-3 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating 2 to the preferential recall rights of an employee who is off work due to a compensable injury; 3 providing that any demand for reinstatement made by an injured employee must be made in writing; providing for how and where the demand for reinstatement must be mailed; 4 providing requirements for an injured employee's reinstatement to his or her former 5 6 position: providing for a preferential recall time period of 120 days when the injured employee is employed by contractors as defined by §30-42-3 of said code; stating that it 7 is the employee's obligation to continually seek the possibility of employment during the 8 preferential recall period; and providing that the employee's right to preferential recall 9 10 terminates once the employer offers the employee his or her former position or a 11 comparable position.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

#### ARTICLE 5A. DISCRIMINATORY PRACTICES.

# §23-5A-3. Termination of injured employees prohibited; reemployment of injured employees.

(a) It shall be a discriminatory practice within the meaning of section one of this article to 1 2 terminate an injured employee while the injured employee is off work due to a compensable injury 3 within the meaning of §23-4-1 et seq. of this code and is receiving or is eligible to receive temporary total disability benefits, unless the injured employee has committed a separate 4 dischargeable offense. A separate dischargeable offense shall mean misconduct by the injured 5 6 employee wholly unrelated to the injury or the absence from work resulting from the injury. A separate dischargeable offense shall not include absence resulting from the injury or from the 7 8 inclusion or aggregation of absence due to the injury with any other absence from work.

9 (b) It shall be a discriminatory practice within the meaning of section one of this article for 10 an employer to fail to reinstate an employee who has sustained a compensable injury to the 11 employee's former position of employment upon demand made in writing and transmitted by the

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12 United States Postal Service, return receipt requested, to the employer's principal office for such 13 reinstatement provided that the position in which the employee sustained the compensable injury 14 is still available and the employee is not disabled from performing the duties of such position. If 15 the former position is not available, the employee shall be reinstated to another comparable position which is available and which the employee is capable of performing. A comparable 16 17 position for the purposes of this section shall mean a position which is comparable as to wages, 18 working conditions and, to the extent reasonably practicable, duties to the position held at the 19 time of injury. A written statement from a duly licensed physician that the physician approves the 20 injured employee's return to his or her regular employment shall be prima facie evidence that the 21 worker is able to perform such duties. In the event that neither the former position nor a 22 comparable position is available, the employee shall have a right to preferential recall to any job 23 which the injured employee is capable of performing which becomes open after the injured 24 employee notifies the employer that he or she desired reinstatement. Said right of preferential 25 recall shall be in effect for one year from the day the injured employee notifies the employer that 26 he or she desires reinstatement: Provided, That the employee provides to the employer a current 27 mailing address during this one-year period.

(c) For the preferential recall rights authorized by this section when an employee is employed by an employer defined by §30-42-3(d) of this code, the employee's right to preferential recall shall be no greater than 120 days from the date the employee is released by a duly licensed physician to return to his or her regular employment. It is the employee's obligation to continually seek the possibility of employment during the employee's preferential recall period under this subsection. The employee's right to preferential recall authorized by this subsection terminates once the employer offers the employee his or her former position or a comparable position.

35 (d) Any civil action brought under this section shall be subject to the seniority provisions
36 of a valid and applicable collective bargaining agreement, or arbitrator's decision thereunder, or

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- 37 to any court or administrative order applying specifically to the injured employee's employer, and
- 38 shall further be subject to any applicable federal statute or regulation.
- 39 (e) Nothing in this section shall affect the eligibility of the injured employee to workers'
- 40 compensation benefits under this chapter.

The Clerk of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of Delegates hereby certify that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

Clerk of the Senate

Clerk of the House of Delegates

Originated in the Senate.

In effect 90 days from passage.

President of the Senate

Speaker of the House of Delegates

proved The within is ... .... this the...C . . . . . hch Day of ..... 2023. Governor

MAR 17 2023 Time\_\_\_\_\_2:54 pm